

### Connecting Patients to a Greater State of Health

# New Jersey Health Information Technology

Colleen Woods Health IT Coordinator State of New Jersey



January, 2012

### The Condition of Healthcare



- The Population is Aging (Baby Boomers)
- Nursing, Physician and Other Clinical Shortages
- More than 51% of the US Population's healthcare is financed in some way by tax dollars (Medicare, Medicaid, Charity Care, Government Employees, Armed Services, Firefighters, Police, Teachers, Etc...)
- Healthcare IT adoption is 12 years behind other industries
- Today's healthcare information network for sharing clinical information is connect via phones and fax
- In New Jersey 60 70% of providers are still using paperbased medical records (NJHA Estimate)

### "Where Wisdom Lives"





David Brooks

New York Times Columnist

"The average 56-year-old couple pays about \$140,000 into the Medicare system over a lifetime and receives about \$430,000 in benefits back. The program is also completely unaffordable. Medicare has unfinanced liabilities of more than \$30 trillion. The Medicare trustees say the program is about a decade from insolvency. "

- New York Times, Monday June 6, 2011

### **Healthcare Transformation**



Payment Transformation

Delivery of Care Transformation

Health
Information
Technology
Transformation



- 1. Electronic Health Records (EHRs)
- 2. Health Information Organizations (HIOs)
- Health Information Network (HIN)

### **Seeing Results**

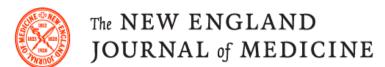


### Primary Care Practices of Better Health Greater Cleveland

Practices that use electronic health records saw significantly higher achievement and improvement in meeting standards of care and outcomes in diabetes than practices using paper records.

### --NEJM, September 1, 2011

Nearly 51% of patients in EHR practices received care that met all of the endorsed standards.



The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

#### SPECIAL ARTICLE

### Electronic Health Records and Quality of Diabetes Care

Randall D. Cebul, M.D., Thomas E. Love, Ph.D., Anil K. Jain, M.D., and Christopher J. Hebert, M.D.

#### ABSTRACT

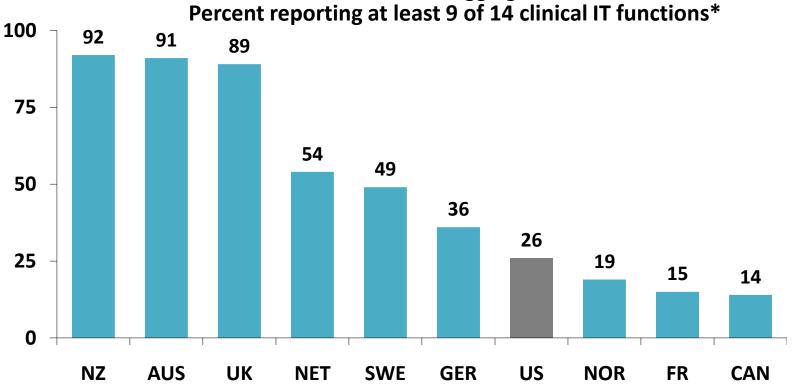
#### BACKGROUND

Available studies have shown few quality-related advantages of electronic health records (EHRs) over traditional paper records. We compared achievement of and improvement in quality standards for diabetes at practices using EHRs with those at practices using paper records. All practices, including many safety-net primary care practices, belonged to a regional quality collaborative and publicly reported

- Only 7% of patients at paper-based practices received this same level of care— a difference of 44%.
- After accounting for differences in patient characteristics between EHR and paper-based practices, EHR patients still received 35% more of the care standards.

# Primary Care Practices with Advanced Electronic Health Information Capacity by Country

Adoption of health information technology (IT) among primary care practices is highly variable across countries, with the United States lagging well behind other nations



<sup>\*</sup> Count of 14 functions includes: electronic medical record; electronic prescribing and ordering of tests; electronic access test results, Rx alerts, clinical notes; computerized system for tracking lab tests, guidelines, alerts to provide patients with test results, preventive/follow-up care reminders; and computerized list of patients by diagnosis, medications, due for tests or preventive care.

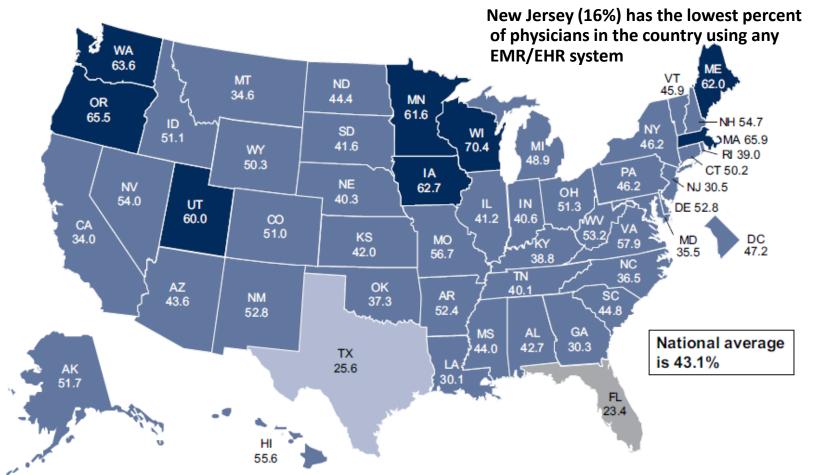
#### Source:

1. 2009 Commonwealth Fund International Health Policy Survey of Primary Care Physicians

# Percentage of Office-Based Physicians planning to apply for Meaningful Use Incentives\*



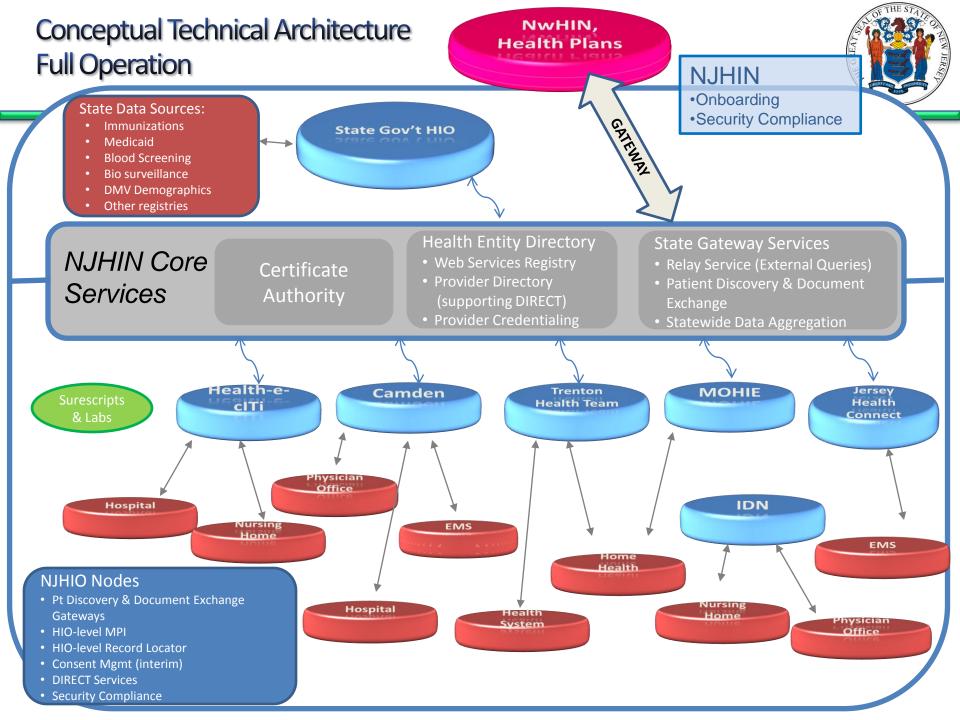
New Jersey (31%) has a lower percentage of physicians potentially able to meet meaningful use core criteria when compared with national average



<sup>\*</sup>Also includes office-based physicians who have EHR system capabilities to support eight Stage 1 Core Set meaningful use objectives

Source:

1. CDC/NCHS, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey Electronic Medical Record/Electronic Health Record Systems of Office-based Physicians: United States, 2010, and Preliminary 2011 State Estimates



### HIOs and IDNs

### **Jersey Health Connect**

Atlantic Health

Morristown Memorial, Overlook, Newton

CentraState

Children's Specialized Hospital

**CJHIEP (Physician Organization)** 

Hackensack University Medical

Holy Name Medical Center

**Hunterdon Healthcare** 

JFK Health System

Parker Memorial Home (LTC)

Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital

Robert Wood Johnson – Hamilton

Robert Wood Johnson- Rahway

Saint Barnabas Medical Center

Saint Clare's Health Services

Saint Peter's Healthcare System

**Somerset Medical Center** 

Trinitas Regional Medical Center

#### **Trenton Health Team**

Capital Health System

St. Francis Medical Center

City of Trenton

FQHC - Henry J. Austin Health Center

#### Camden

Cooper

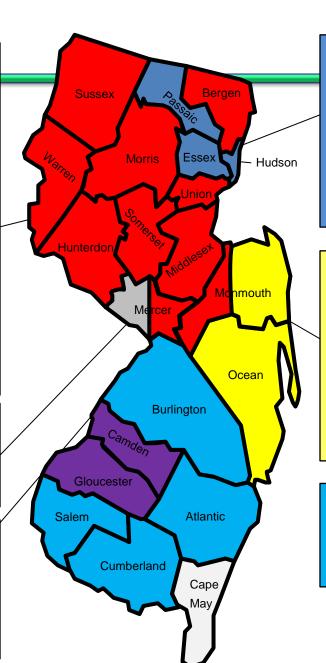
Lourdes

Virtua

Underwood

Kennedy

FQHC – Camcare / Project Hope



#### Health-e-clTi-NJ

Newark Beth Israel Medical Center
St. Michael's Medical Center
East Orange General Hospital
Meadowlands Hospital
Christ Hospital
University Hospital
St. Joseph's Healthcare System

Jersey City Regional Medical Center FQHC - Newark Community Health Center

#### **MOHIE**

Bayshore Community Hospital
Community Medical Center
Jersey Shore University Medical Center
Kimball Medical Center
K. Hovnanian Children's Hospital
Monmouth Medical Center
Ocean Medical Center
Riverview Medical Center
Southern Ocean Medical Center
FQHC - Monmouth Family Health Center

#### **IDNs**

AtlantiCare Regional Medical Center Barnabas Healthcare System South Jersey Health System Virtua Health

# Meaningful Use / Exchanging Data – HIO Status



### **HIO Status**

As of Oct 10, 2011

		Stages of Health Information Organization*					
	Stage 1 Starting	Stage 2  Organizing	Stage 3 <i>Planning</i>	Stage 4 Piloting	Stage 5 Operating	Stage 6 Sustaining	Stage 7 Innovating
Health e-ciTi							
Camden							
Jersey Health Con	nect				_		
EMRX – SJ	$\wedge$						
Trenton					<u> </u>		
MOHIE							

#### Sources:

- 1. eHI 2011 Report on Health Information Exchange The Changing Landscape
- 2. New Jersey Stakeholder Assessment and Environmental Scan Foundation Phase 3 Aug 28, 2011

### **Use Cases**



Use Case Name	Description
1. Medication History	Patient medication histories are made available for Emergency Room admissions only. This Use Case will include the Cross Community Patient Discovery (XCPD) Profile to support accurate patient identification.
2. Public Health Data (Immunization Data)	To provide patient immunization history directly to the physician EHR. The State registry connection will be direct to the physician EHR.
3. Diagnostic Results Available to All HIE Customers	To provide patient laboratory test and radiology images results (later Use Case will address the Order side as well as open order/pending result). This Use Case will include the radiology report and not the image.
4. ED/Acute Discharge Summary	The transfer of patient information in the form of discharge notes to the PCP or specialists at the time of discharge.  Near term – ED/Acute Hospital discharge information only.
5. Transition of Care- Referral Information	This Use Case is to enhance communications between PCP and specialist with an opportunity to use "Direct" as a near-term way to conduct secure exchange of health information.

# New Jersey Hospitals Summary – HIOs



New Jersey Hospitals by Type						
	Total <sup>1</sup>	Currently Part of HIO	Planned to be Part of HIO	Gap		
Acute Care	71	44	1	26		
Specialty	16	0	0	16		
Rehabilitation	14	1	0	14		
Psychiatric	10	0	0	10		
Grand Total	111	45	1	66		

#### Source:

1. NJ Dept of Health and Senior Services Oct 2011

### New Jersey Healthcare Providers<sup>1</sup>



New Jersey Healthcare Providers (Active)				
Provider Type	Address of Record in NJ	Total		
Licensed Medical Doctors (MDs)	23,866	30,225		
Licensed Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs)	2,953	3,615		
TOTAL MDs and DOs	26,819	33,840		

### BME Survey (Includes only MDs and DOs): Do you use electronic health records (EHR) at any of your practice locations?

Survey Participants	Count	% of Total
Answered: "Yes"	8,330	24.6%
Answered: "No"	7,386	21.8%
- Plan to implement within 1 year	1,996	5.9%
- Plan to implement within 2 years	1,215	3.6%
- Plan to implement within 3 - 5 years	1,159	3.4%
- Never	1,283	3.8%
- No answer	1,733	5.1%
Did Not Respond	13,374	39.5%

#### Source:

### NJ Primary Care Physicians by County



County	Population	PCPs in Patient Care
Atlantic	270,609	244
Bergen	889,915	1,527
Burlington	445,492	434
Camden	517,739	626
Cape May	96,470	42
Cumberland	156,784	94
Essex	767,075	1,191
Gloucester	288,168	189
Hudson	592,111	506
Hunterdon	129,806	279
Mercer	364,571	490
Middlesex	785,324	1,242
Monmouth	641,864	984
Morris	486,946	717
Ocean	569,662	336
Passaic	488,364	457
Salem	66,194	36
Somerset	323,160	587
Sussex	151,431	77
Union	521,816	551
Warren	109,897	117
NJ TOTAL	8,663,398	10,726

### **County Health Rankings 2011**

Primary care physicians include practicing physicians specializing in general practice medicine, family medicine, internal medicine, pediatrics, and obstetrics/gynecology. The measure represents the population per one provider.

The data on primary care physicians were obtained from the Health Resources and Services Administration's Area Resource File (ARF) for 2009. The ARF data on practicing physicians come from the AMA Master File (2008), and the population estimates are from the U.S. Census Bureau's 2008 population estimates.

County Health Rankings (CHR) Web site. CHR is a program of the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJF) and the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute.

### **EHR Adoption**

	FTHE STATE	
REA		W JE
THE		R
1/2	PATO PROSPERITOR	/

EHR Adoption						
Metric	Actual	Target	Variance	Notes / Status / Last Updated		
Physicians (MDs and DOs) Using an EHR system at Any Practice Location	8,330	33,840	25,510	Last Updated: Aug. 2011.		
% NJ Physicians Using an EHR	24.6%	100%	75.4%	Last Updated: Aug. 2011.		
Total Hospitals Adopting EHRs	73	111	38	All acute care facilities have some form of EHR. Currently defining specific adoption criteria.		
Hospital Adoption %	65.8%	100%	34.2%	All acute care facilities have some form of EHR. Currently defining specific adoption criteria.		
Hospital EMR Adoption Model Scores by State (NJ)	3.43	7.0	3.57	Ranked 15th out of 51 States HIMSS Analytics™ Database 3rd Quarter 2011.		
# of Long Term Care Facilities Adopting an EHR system	TBD	782		Data sources to be identified. Currently defining specific adoption criteria.		
# of Behavioral Health Centers Adopting an EHR system	TBD	TBD		Data sources to be identified. Currently defining specific adoption criteria.		
# of Ambulatory Care Centers Adopting an EHR system	TBD	908		Data sources to be identified. Currently defining specific adoption criteria.		

### **EHR Incentive Program Payments**



### **Medicare**

Medicare EHR Incentive Payment				
Provider Type	Provider Count	Medicare Incentive Payment Amount		
Eligible Professionals	374	\$6,732,000		
Eligible Hospitals	8	\$21,786,316		
	Total:	\$28,518,316		

### **New Jersey Medicaid**

New Jersey Medicaid EHR Incentive Payments				
Provider Type	Provider Count	Medicare Incentive Payment Amount		
Eligible Professionals	N/A	N/A		
Eligible Hospitals	N/A	N/A		
	Total:	N/A		

New Jersey Medicaid EHR Incentive Program (<a href="http://www.nj.gov/njhit/ehr/">http://www.nj.gov/njhit/ehr/</a>)

Launched: Nov. 7, 2011

Attestation Available: Dec. 19, 2011

Payments: Jan. / Feb. 2012

Registrants: 360 Eligible Professionals, 45 Eligible Hospitals

Source: CMS, Jan 3, 2012

### NJ HIT Program Focus for 2011+



= Completed

#### 2013

### Phase 7: Personal and National

- Disease Management
- Syndromic Surveillance
- Full EHR Adoption
- Connect NHIN
- Interstate Exchange
- Meaningful Use Phase 3

#### Phase 1: Strategy

- ✓ Planning
- √ Funding Request
- ✓ Strategic Planning
- ✓ Organizational Structure

2012 Q1-Q4

#### Phase 6:

### **Focus on Exchange**

- Data Exchange and Analytics
- State HIE
- State Health Registries
- Long term Care Integration
- Behavioral Health Integration
- Meaningful Use Stage 2

### Consumer & Stakeholder Outreach

#### **EHR Adoption**

Enabling
New Jersey
Health
Information
Exchange

#### **Phase 5: Implementation**

- Implement Financial Sustainability
- HIE Trust Agreements
- Medicaid Incentive Payments
- Establish NJHIN
- HIO Connection
- Research pilots
- PHR Focus
- SHARE (State HIE)

### Phase 4: Framework

- ✓ Design Financial Sustainability
- ✓ Medicaid Incentive Program and Meaningful Use Stage 1
- ✓ NJHIN Planning
- ✓ Use Case Development #1-5
- · Legislation and Regulation

### **Phase 2: Planning**

- ✓ Funding
- √ Governance
- ✓ HIF Initial Build
- ✓ Policies
- ✓ Initial Stakeholder Outreach
- ✓ Operational Plan
- ✓ State Medicaid HIT Plan

#### **Phase 3: Foundation**

- ✓ Standing Up Regional HIEs
- ✓ Architecture & Standards
- ✓ Quality Measures
- ✓ Legal Framework
- ✓ Use Cases for Care Coordination

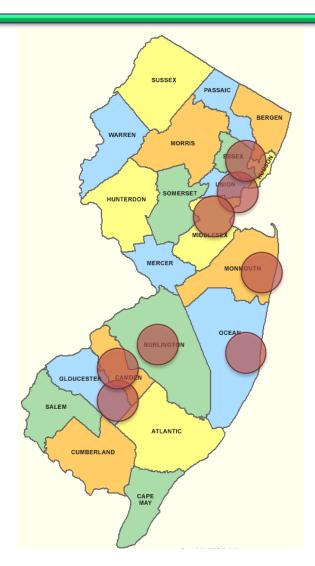
**2**011 Q1 Q2

2011 Q4 -2012 Q1

2011 Q2 -Q4

### HIT Workforce Development in NJ





### **Eight Community Colleges in New Jersey Part of ONC-funded Development**

- Brookdale Community College Lincroft, NJ
- Burlington County College Pemberton, NJ
- <u>Camden County College</u> Blackwood, NJ
- Essex County College Newark, NJ
- Gloucester County College Sewell, NJ
- Ocean County College Toms River, NJ
- Passaic County Community College Paterson, NJ
- Raritan Valley Community College Branchburg, NJ

Community College Consortia Statistics <sup>1</sup>				
Participating Community Colleges	8			
Currently Enrolled Students	635			
Program Graduates	329			
Program Graduates Employed in HIT	96			

#### Source:

1. Ellen Shakespeare, Health IT Coding, and EHR Certificate Programs. Raritan Valley Community College. (Sep. 2011.)



## Questions?

Reference: www.nj.gov/njhit



